

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

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Dry and windy conditions were reported throughout most of the state during the early part of the week. Towards the end of the week, traces amounts of precipitation and foggy weather were observed. Parts of the High and Low Plains, and the Blacklands received a half an inch to an inch of precipitation. The remainder of the state observed only trace amounts to a quarter of an inch of precipitation.

Crop Progress

Stogo	Percent of Acreage					
Stage	Current	Prev. Week	Prev. Year	5 Year Avg		
Corn						
Planted	46	42	43	52		
Emerged	33	23	18	35		
Cotton						
Planted	8	5	4	10		
Rice						
Planted	65	47	45	60		
Emerged	44	20	11	32		
Sorghum						
Planted	40	36	34	46		
Winter Wheat						
Headed	20	12	18	22		
Oats						
Headed	19	15	7	38		

Small Grains: Producers in the Northern Low Plains continued to irrigate wheat fields. Windy, dry conditions in the Northern High Plains and the Edwards Plateau continued to stress winter wheat. Wheat conditions improved in the Southern Low Plains due to warmer weather. In South and Central Texas, wheat and oats began the heading stage.

Row Crops: Cotton and soybean planting were in full swing in the Upper Coast. Corn and sorghum planting progressed, and rice planting and flushing were beginning to wind down in South Texas. Cotton planting continued in the Coastal Blend.

Fruit, Vegetable and Specialty Crop: Harvest of sugarcane, citrus, and vegetables continued in the Lower Valley. Warm season vegetables continued to be planted in North East Texas. In South Texas, the potato crop reached the flowering stage, pecan trees were getting green and looking healthy, and carrots and onions made good progress.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Livestock continued to graze wheat pasture in the Northern Low Plains, South Texas, the Upper Coast, and Edwards Plateau. Livestock remained in mostly good condition. Recent rainfall has improved pasture conditions, resulting in a significant decrease in supplemental feeding.

Crop Condition

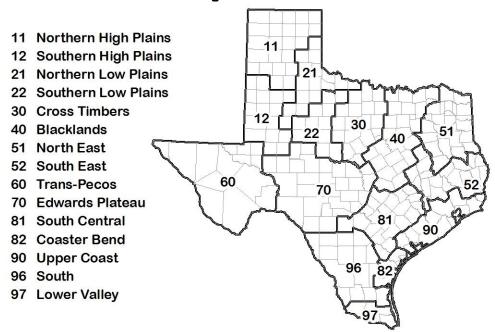
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Crop		Р	Index ¹					
	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2016	2015	
Wheat	7	38	44	9	2	71	73	
Oats	8	36	41	12	3	69	74	
Range and Pasture	9	41	39	9	2			

¹ The formula for the condition index is I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100 where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

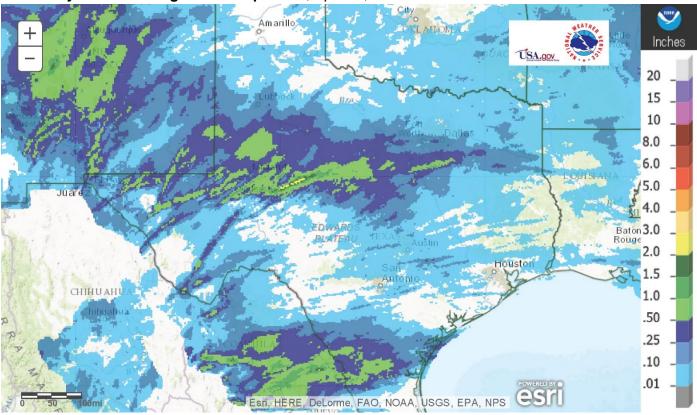
Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District

	Topsoil Moisture Condition by District			Subsoil Moisture Condition by District				Days Suitable for	
District	Percentage of Acreage			Percentage of Acreage					
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Fieldwork
11	20	65	15	0	10	42	48	0	6.9
12	14	51	35	0	1	45	53	1	6.5
21	18	55	27	0	14	43	43	0	7.0
22	13	57	29	1	7	36	54	3	6.2
30	5	32	60	3	6	26	66	2	6.3
40	0	12	83	5	0	7	83	10	6.4
51	1	5	66	28	0	5	68	27	6.3
52	1	7	80	12	0	9	80	11	6.5
60	48	19	33	0	46	21	33	0	6.0
70	8	40	47	5	7	33	57	3	6.4
81	1	27	65	7	1	18	72	9	6.5
82	0	6	70	24	0	3	60	37	7.0
90	2	38	57	3	1	23	66	10	6.6
96	5	40	55	0	5	33	61	1	6.8
97	0	80	20	0	0	26	74	0	7.0
State	10	43	43	4	5	30	60	5	6.6

Texas Agricultural Districts

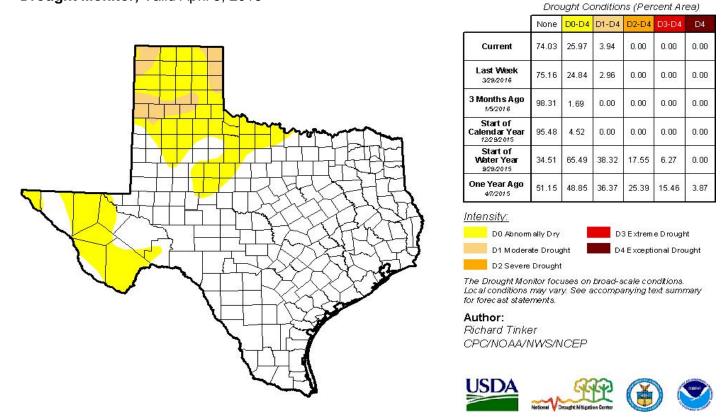


Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, April 10, 2016



Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov

Drought Monitor, Valid April 5, 2016



Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu